

SIECUS, Planned Parenthood and Comprehensive Sex Ed Curricula

The Sexuality Information Council of the United States (SIECUS) was founded in 1964 by Mary S. Calderone, the medical director for Planned Parenthood Federation. Planned Parenthood is the largest abortion provider in the nation, responsible for 27% of all abortions. Abortion is a lucrative business and Planned Parenthood has a compelling interest in the sexual activity of adolescents and teens.

SIECUS is the national go-to organization for comprehensive sex-ed curricula.

“For over a decade, SIECUS has published *Guidelines for Comprehensive Sexuality Education: Kindergarten-12th Grade* to help educators create new sexuality education programs and evaluate already existing curricula.” ... “SIECUS has distributed well over 100,000 copies of this publication. In fact, the *Guidelines* are downloaded from SIECUS’ web site by more than 1,000 people each month.”

<http://www2.gsu.edu/~wwwche/Sex%20ed%20class/guidelines.pdf>

Below are some ‘age-appropriate, medically accurate’ notions that sexperts from SIECUS think our children should know. These are direct quotes taken from *Guidelines for Comprehensive Sexuality Education*, which is the bible of the comprehensive sex ed movement.

Boys and Girls Ages 5-8

- Human beings can love people of the same gender and people of another gender.
- Some people are homosexual, which means they can be attracted to and fall in love with someone of the same gender.
- Homosexual men and women are also known as gay men and lesbians.
- Two people may decide to marry or make a lifetime commitment to each other because they love each other and want to share their lives with each other.
- Many people live in lifetime committed relationships, even though they may not be legally married.
- Two people of the same gender can live in loving, lifetime committed relationships.
- Touching and rubbing one’s own genitals to feel good is called masturbation.
- Some boys and girls masturbate and others do not.
- Masturbation should be done in a private place.
- Girls and boys have many similarities and a few differences.
- Some people may expect or demand that boys and girls behave in certain ways, but this is beginning to change.
- Vaginal intercourse - when a penis is placed inside a vagina - is the most common way for a sperm and egg to join.
- Values are strong feelings or beliefs about important issues.

Ages 9-12

- Sexual orientation refers to a person’s physical and/or romantic attraction to an individual of the same and/or different gender.
- Some people are bisexual, which means they can be attracted to and fall in love with people of the same or another gender.
- People of all sexual orientations can have relationships that are equally fulfilling.
- Gender identity refers to a person’s internal sense of being male, female, or a combination of these.
- Transgender is also used as a general term to describe many different identities that exist such as “transsexual,” “drag king,” “drag queen,” “crossdresser,” “genderqueer,” “shapeshifter,” “bigendered,” and “androgynous.”
- All societies and cultures have transgender individuals.
- Some cultures around the world recognize and have special roles for transgender individuals.
- Children may have a mother, a mother and a father, two mothers, two fathers, or any other combination of adults who love and care for them.
- Boys and girls receive messages about how they should behave from their families, friends, the media, and society.
- The belief that all people of the same gender should behave the same way is called a stereotype.

- People often expect girls and boys to behave stereotypically.
- People are sometimes discriminated against because of biological sex, appearance, sexual orientation, gender identity, family, and living arrangements.
- Discrimination can lead to lower self-esteem, unequal opportunities, and physical and emotional problems.
- Discrimination has negative consequences for the individual, family, community, and society.
- A woman faced with an unintended pregnancy can carry the pregnancy to term and raise the baby, place the baby for adoption, or have an abortion to end the pregnancy.

Ages 12-15

- Most people have masturbated at some time in their lives.
- Gay, lesbian, bisexual, and heterosexual people come from all countries, cultures, races, ethnicities, socio-economic backgrounds, and religions.
- People do not choose their sexual orientation.
- Many scientific theories have concluded that sexual orientation cannot be changed by therapy or medicine.
- Some people's gender identity differs from their biological sex. "Transgender" describes people whose internal sense of gender (gender identity) doesn't match what society expects of them based on their genitals and chromosomes (biological sex).
- Accepting gender role stereotypes can limit a person's life.
- People's lives are enriched when they understand and celebrate diversity.
- Many people experience sexual and erotic thoughts called fantasies.
- Fantasies are one type of sexual expression.
- The right of a woman to have a legal abortion is guaranteed by the Supreme Court, although there are restrictions in some states.
- Values should be freely chosen after the alternatives and their consequences are evaluated.
- No one has the right to impose their values on others.

Ages 15-18

- Masturbation may be an important part of a couple's sexual relationship.
- Being sexual with another person does not mean that masturbation must or should stop.
- Some sexual behaviors shared by partners include kissing; touching; talking; caressing; massaging; and oral, vaginal, or anal intercourse.
- Abstinence means voluntarily choosing not to engage in certain behaviors.
- Sexual abstinence means not engaging in any sexual behavior that can result in a pregnancy or STD, including HIV.
- People may have different ideas about what constitutes abstinence, from no sexual contact of any kind including kissing, to only abstaining from sexual intercourse, and all points in-between.
- Sexual partners should discuss what they mean by abstinence.
- Young teenagers are not mature enough for a sexual relationship that includes intercourse.
- Many adults believe school-age teenagers should not have sexual intercourse.
- There are many ways to give and receive sexual pleasure without having intercourse.
- Sexual orientation is determined by a combination of a person's attractions, fantasies, and sexual behaviors.*
- Respecting the diversity of values and beliefs of other people is important.
- Some people use erotic photographs, movies, art, literature, or the Internet to enhance their sexual fantasies when alone or with a partner.
- A person whose religious or cultural teachings prohibit contraception may have to decide between those teachings, the risk of unintended pregnancy or STDs/HIV, and his/her decision to have vaginal, oral, or anal intercourse.
- Emergency contraception (the "morning after pill") is not a method of abortion.
- Gender role stereotypes are harmful to both men and women.
- A growing number of congregations openly welcome gay, lesbian, bisexual, and transgender people.

* Imagine permitting any other group constituted by attractions, fantasies, and behaviors--sexual or otherwise--to be established as a legally protected class.